

TABLE A-1. Fatal occupational injuries by industry and event or exposure, South Carolina, 2024

Industry ¹	NAICS code ¹	Total fatal injuries (number)	Event or exposure ²					
			Violent acts ³	Transportation incidents ⁴	Explosions and fires	Falls, slips, trips	Exposure to harmful substances, environments	Contact incidents
Total		103	16	40	--	15	24	8
Private industry		97	15	35	--	15	24	8
Goods producing		--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Natural resources and mining		4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting		4	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction		24	--	8	--	6	6	--
Construction		24	--	8	--	6	6	--
Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction	237	6	--	--	--	--	--	--
Specialty trade contractors	238	16	--	4	--	--	4	--
Foundation, structure, and building exterior contractors	2381	7	--	--	--	--	--	--
Structural steel and precast concrete contractors	23812	1	--	--	--	--	--	--
Nonresidential structural steel and precast concrete contractors	238122	1	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other specialty trade contractors	2389	5	--	--	--	--	--	--
Manufacturing		15	4	--	--	--	5	3
Manufacturing		15	4	--	--	--	5	3
Textile Mills	313	1	--	--	--	--	--	1
Service providing		--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Trade, transportation, and utilities		--	--	--	--	--	--
Wholesale Trade		3	--	--	--	--	--
Retail Trade		6	--	--	--	--	--
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Musical Instrument, Book, and Miscellaneous Retailers	459	3	--	--	--	--	--
Transportation and Warehousing		14	--	10	--	--	--
Truck Transportation	484	9	--	7	--	--	--
General Freight Trucking	4841	6	--	--	--	--	--
Specialized Freight Trucking	4842	3	--	--	--	--	--
Financial activities		3	--	--	--	--	--
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing		3	--	--	--	--	--
Professional and business services		15	--	7	--	--	4
Administrative and Support and Waste Management and Remediation Services		15	--	7	--	--	4
Educational and health services		3	--	--	--	--	--
Health Care and Social Assistance		3	--	--	--	--	--
Other Services (except Public Administration)		4	--	--	--	--	--
Other Services (except Public Administration)		4	--	--	--	--	--
Government⁶		6	--	5	--	--	--

¹ CFOI has used several versions of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) since 2003 to define industry. For complete information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our definitions page at <https://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/cfoi/concepts.htm#north-american-industry-classification-system-naics>. Cases where ownership is unknown are included in private industry counts. Cases classified as foreign government and other government are included in all government counts, but not displayed separately. Cases where industry is unknown are included in the service sector counts.

² Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) version 3 implemented for 2023 data forward. For complete information on the OIICS version used in this year, see the OIICS manual page at <https://www.bls.gov/iif/definitions/occupational-injuries-and-illnesses-classification-manual.htm>.

³ Includes violence by persons and self-inflicted injury.

⁴ Includes roadway, nonroadway, air, water, rail fatal occupational injuries, and fatal occupational injuries resulting from being struck by a vehicle.

⁵ Includes fatal injuries at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.

⁶ Includes fatal injuries to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

Note: Data for all years are revised and final. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. For complete information on how the data are coded and presented see our definitions page at <https://www.bls.gov/iif/definitions/census-of-fatal-occupational-injuries-definitions.htm>. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." CFOI fatality counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with state, New York City, District of Columbia, and federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, February 19, 2026